

Appl. No. : 09/832,786
Filed : April 11, 2001

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously Presented) A method of assessing a combinatorial library for complementarity to a target of known three-dimensional structure, having at least one binding site, said combinatorial library comprising a plurality of ligands, each based on a common core, said method comprising:

docking each ligand of said plurality of ligands to the target molecule to generate a plurality of ligand positions relative to the target molecule in a plurality of ligand-target molecule complex formations, said plurality of ligand positions comprising a plurality of common core positions relative to the target molecule;

determining the rms (root mean square) deviation of one or more common core positions of said plurality of common core positions from one or more other common core positions of said plurality of common core positions;

forming clusters of ligands from said plurality of ligands according to said rms (root mean square) deviation; and

rating complementarity of the combinatorial library to the target molecule based on the clusters formed.

2. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein rating the complementarity of the combinatorial library to the target molecule based on the number of ligands in a cluster having a minimum rms (root mean square) deviation relative to the number of ligands in the combinatorial library.

3. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein said determining the rms (root mean square) deviation comprises:

placing a grid around a binding site of the target molecule;

for each ligand position, determining a location on the grid corresponding to the center of mass of the common core; and

determining the rms (root mean square) deviation of each common core position from every other common core position having a location on the grid within a predetermined distance.

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4. (Original) A method according to claim 1 wherein said forming clusters comprises forming clusters using a single linkage clustering algorithm.

5. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein said docking each ligand comprises:

performing a conformational search to generate multiple solution conformations of each ligand;

generating a binding site image of the target molecule, said binding site image comprising multiple hot spots;

matching hot spots of the binding site image to atoms in at least one solution conformation of the multiple solution conformations of each ligand to obtain at least one ligand position relative to the target molecule in a ligand-target molecule complex formation; and

optimizing the at least one ligand position while allowing translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the ligand to vary, and while holding the target molecule fixed.

6-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Previously Presented) At least one program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying at least one program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a method for assessing a combinatorial library for complementarity to a target of known three-dimensional structure, having at least one binding site, said combinatorial library comprising a plurality of ligands, each based on a common core, said method comprising:

docking each ligand of said plurality of ligands to the target molecule to generate a plurality of ligand positions relative to the target molecule in a plurality of ligand-target molecule complex formations, said plurality of ligand positions comprising a plurality of common core positions relative to the target molecule;

determining the rms (root mean square) deviation of one or more common core positions of said plurality of common core positions from one or more other common core positions of said plurality of common core positions;

forming clusters of ligands from said plurality of ligands according to said rms (root mean square) deviation; and

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rating complementarity of the combinatorial library to the target molecule based on the clusters formed.

12. (Previously Presented) The at least one program storage device according to claim 11, wherein rating the complementarity of the combinatorial library to the target molecule according to is based on the number of ligands in a cluster having a minimum rms (root mean square) deviation relative to the number of ligands in the combinatorial library.

13. (Previously Presented) The at least one program storage device according to claim 11, wherein said determining the rms (root mean square) deviation comprises:

placing a grid around a binding site of the target molecule;

for each ligand position, determining a location on the grid corresponding to the center of mass of the common core; and

determining the rms (root mean square) deviation of each common core position from every other common core position having a location on the grid within a predetermined distance.

14. (Previously presented) The at least one program storage device according to claim 11, wherein said forming clusters comprises forming clusters using a single linkage clustering algorithm.

15. (Previously presented) The at least one program storage device according to claim 11, wherein said docking each ligand comprises:

performing a conformational search to generate multiple solution conformations of each ligand;

generating a binding site image of the target molecule, said binding site image comprising multiple hot spots;

matching hot spots of the binding site image to atoms in at least one solution conformation of the multiple solution conformations of each ligand to obtain at least one ligand position relative to the target molecule in a ligand-target molecule complex formation; and

optimizing the at least one ligand position while allowing translation, orientation and rotatable bonds of the ligand to vary, and while holding the target molecule fixed.

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16. (New) A method of assessing a combinatorial library for complementarity to a target of known three-dimensional structure, having at least one binding site, said combinatorial library comprising a plurality of ligands, each based on a common core, said method comprising:

docking each ligand of said plurality of ligands to the target molecule to generate a plurality of ligand positions relative to the target molecule in a plurality of ligand-target molecule complex formations, said plurality of ligand positions comprising a plurality of common core positions relative to the target molecule;

forming clusters of ligands from said plurality of ligands based on said plurality of common core positions relative to the target molecule;

counting the number of ligands in at least one cluster; and

rating complementarity of the combinatorial library to the target molecule based at least in part on the count.

17. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the rating is based at least in part on a count of ligands in the largest of said clusters relative to the number of ligands in the library.